1 COPY **Original Filed** 2 JUN 0 9 2017 3 Tlmothy W. Fitzgerald 4 SPOKANE COUNTY CLERK 5 6 SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF WASHINGTON 7 **COUNTY OF SPOKANE** 8 Christina Martin, Jason Longoria, Charles Arnold, John Sager, Darrel Nash, Erick Case No.: 14-2-00016-7 Thomas, Darin Foster, and Luis Gonzalez 9 on behalf of themselves and all others [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING similarly situated, 10 PLAINTIFFS' MOTIONS FOR CLASS **CERTIFICATION AND** 11 Plaintiffs, PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT 12 VS. 13 The State of Washington, the Washington State Patrol, Jeffrey DeVere, Jay 14 Cabezuela, Timothy Winchell, and John Batiste, 15 Defendants. 16 17 This matter came before the Court on Plaintiffs' Unopposed Motion for Class 18 Certification and Plaintiffs' Unopposed Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement 19 Agreement. 20 Having considered the relevant pleadings together with foregoing motions, the court 21 finds: 22 1. The proposed Class meets the four prerequisites of Civil Rule 23(a), and the 23 requirements of Civil Rule 23(b)(3). 24 25 [PROPOSED] ORDER - 1

- 2. "[T]he class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable." CR 23(a)(1). The Plaintiffs have identified at least 878 members of the Class, which far exceeds the ordinary threshold of 40 Class Members that presumptively satisfies the numerosity standard. *Miller v. Farmer Bros. Co.*, 115 Wn. App. 815, 821 (2003).
- 3. There are "questions of law or fact common to the Class," CR 23(a)(2), including whether the Defendants' pattern or practice violated the Uniformed Services

 Employment & Reemployment Rights Act, whether the Plaintiffs' had a state-created property right in receiving the veteran preference under Washington state law, whether such a property right was disregarded in violation of the Due Process Clause of the U.S. Constitution, and the legal and equitable remedies available to the Class Members. Accordingly, Plaintiffs have demonstrated that there are far more than a "single issue common to all members of the class."

 Smith v. Behr Process Corp., 113 Wn. App. 306, 320, 54 P.3d 665, 673 (2002).
- 4. The claims of the Plaintiffs "are typical of the claims or defenses of the class." CR 23(a)(3). "Typicality is satisfied if the claim 'arises from the same event or practice or course of conduct that gives rise to the claims of other class members, and if his or her claims are based on the same legal theory." *Pellino v. Brink's Inc.*, 164 Wn. App. 668, 683-84, 267 P.3d 383, 392 (2011). In this action, all Plaintiffs challenge the same course of conduct that was applied to all Class Members as they claim that the Washington State Patrol did not follow the veteran preference in the hiring or promotion process as mandated by Washington state law.
- 5. "[T]he representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class." CR 23(a)(4). Plaintiffs and each Class member alleged that they "have been injured by the conduct of Defendants, and Plaintiffs seek relief that is identical to that which could be sought by every other member of the Class." See id. Plaintiffs have vigorously pursued the

interest of the class in challenging WSP's practice of denying the veteran preference. No conflicts between Plaintiffs and the Class have been identified. Furthermore, Plaintiffs' counsel have experience in prosecuting complex class actions such as this one. Plaintiffs' counsel have the experience, skill, and resources to vigorously prosecute this type of complex employment class action lawsuit.

- 6. In this case, "questions of law or fact common to the members of the class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members," CR 23(b)(3), because the vast majority of legal and factual questions in this action are common to all Class Members and there are few, if any, individualized issues. As such, here "there is common nucleus of operative facts' to each class member's claim." *Smith*, 113 Wn. App. at 323 (citation and quotations omitted).
- 7. In this case, a "class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy," CR 23(b)(3), as a class action will be the most fair and efficient way to resolve the claims of approximately 900 Class Members who allege they were injured by the same general pattern or practice by the Defendants. The members of the class do not have an interest in individually controlling the prosecution of this case in separate actions. CR 23(b)(3)(A), given the modest value of the claims, the complexity and cost of litigating the claims, and the low likelihood that Class Members could obtain counsel to litigate their claims separately. Furthermore, no other litigation has been commenced by members of the Class regarding the practices challenged in this action. CR 23(b)(3)(B). In addition, its desirable to concentrate the litigation of the claims in a single forum, as a single class action will resolve the same legal and factual issues for approximately 900 Class Members who

worked for or applied for employment in the State of Washington and many of whom live in the State of Washington.

- 8. As a preliminary matter, the Settlement Agreement is fair, adequate, and reasonable. The Settlement Agreement appears to be the product of serious, informed, non-collusive negotiations, which were intensive, lengthy, and negotiated at arm's length by experienced counsel for the parties. The Settlement Agreement has no obvious deficiencies. The Settlement Agreement does not improperly grant preferential treatment to class representatives or segments of the class. The Settlement Agreement falls within the range of possible approval, providing between \$13 million to \$15 million of estimated monetary relief to the Class as well as significant programmatic relief.
- 9. All of the relevant factors for considering whether a settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable support a preliminary finding that the Settlement Agreement is fair adequate and reasonable.
 - a. There are significant legal and factual issues that impact the likelihood of success by the Plaintiffs, including a range of affirmative defenses that the Defendants have asserted and the range of possible amounts of damages in the action.
 - b. Significant discovery has occurred in this case over the Washington State Patrol's hiring and promotion policies, including the production of voluminous personnel data and documents and expert analyses of the potential damages in this action.
 - The Settlement Agreement's terms are highly favorable to the Class
 Members, providing \$13 million of consideration plus additional pension

contributions that has an estimated value of \$2 million, as well as significant programmatic relief.

- d. The Settlement Agreement is recommended by experienced counsel, who have extensive class action experience in employment litigation, including in cases brought under the Uniformed Services Employment & Reemployment Rights Act.
- e. The future expenses and likely duration of the litigation would be significant, including substantial discovery, motion practice, and a lengthy trial.
- f. The Settlement Agreement was reached in good faith and without collusion, following the denial of Defendants' motion to dismiss, three years of discovery, notice to putative Class Members to obtain information relevant to settlement, arms-length negotiations that spanned numerous months, and a mediation presided over by two well-respected attorneys

NOW, THEREFORE, based on the above findings, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1. Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification is granted.
- 2. Pursuant to Washington Civil Rule 23(a) and (b)(3), the proposed Class is certified with respect to all claims in the Second Amended Complaint, and is defined as follows:
 - (1) individuals who, prior to January 1, 2013, applied for employment in the position of Trooper with the Washington State Patrol or were employed by and applied for a promotion to a higher ranking position of employment within the Washington State Patrol, including a position with the rank of Sergeant, or Lieutenant; and
 - (2) individuals who were eligible to receive a veteran preference pursuant to RCW 41.04.010(1)-(3) with respect to such application for a position of

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1	19. A fairness hearing to determine whether the Court should approve the Settlemen	ıt
2	Agreement as fair, adequate, and reasonable will be held on 9/79, 2017 at 10 a.m./p.m.	
3	in Courtroom 305 of Spokane Superior Court, 1116 W. Broadway Ave., Spokane, WA 99260.	
4	20. The Special Master will complete all of his adjudications and file a declaration	
5	attaching a report as to his findings by 12 , 2017.	
6	DONE & ORDERED this day of June, 2017	
7	20ais a coma	
8	JOHN O. COONEY, Judge	
9	Presented/by)	
10	Tiesenicaby	
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs ROBERT FERGUSON Attorney General Jason Brown WSBA# 34249 Attorney for Plaintiff's Attorney for Defendants Assistant Attorney General Attorneys for Defendants [PROPOSED] ORDER - 9

1 2 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** Pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 the undersigned hereby certifies under penalty of perjury 3 under the laws of the State of Washington, that on the ___day of _____ 2017, the foregoing was delivered to the following persons in the manner indicated: 4 5 Jason D. Brown, Esq. VIA REGULAR MAIL Attorney General of Washington VIA FACSIMILE 1116 W. Riverside Ave. HAND DELIVERED 6 Spokane, WA 99201 VIA EMAIL 7 8 9 CROTTY & SON LAW FIRM, PLLC 10 11 Matthew Z. Crotty, WSBA 39284 905 West Riverside Ste. 409 12 Spokane, WA 99201 Office: (509) 850-7011 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

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